1/2+1/2	$^{1}/_{2}$ $^{+1}/_{4}$	1/2+1/8	1/2+1
1/2+1/2+1/2	1/4+1/4	1/4+1/8	¹ / ₄ +1
1/2+1/2+1/4+1/8	1/2+1/4+1/8	1/8+1/8	¹ / ₈ +1
1/2+1/2+1/2+1/8	1/4+1/4+1/4	1/4+1/8+1	1/4+1+1/2
2/4+1/4+3/2	3/8+3/4+3/2	3/4+7/8	1+3/8+3/2

1/2+1/2	1/2+1/4	1/2+1/8	¹ / ₂ +1
1/2+1/2+1/2	1/4+1/4	1/4+1/8	1/4+1
1/2+1/2+1/4+1/8	1/2+1/4+1/8	1/8+1/8	1/8+1
1/2+1/2+1/2+1/8	1/4+1/4+1/4	1/4+1/8+1	1/ ₄ +1 + 1/ ₂
$\frac{2}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{2}$	3/8+3/4+3/2	3/4+7/8	1+3/8+3/2

Name: Partner's	8 Name:
You and your partner have 4 sheets of	paper. (orange, yellow, green, and white).
	tercept Form of the equation of the line.
Green (just write the number the graph is)	Equation of line in S-I Form
Orange Write the 2 given points	Equation of line in S-I Form
White Write the equation given in Point-Slope Form	Equation of line in S-I Form
Yellow Write the equation given in Standard Form	Equation of line in S-I Form
	ne thing with their 4 cards. Make sure all 4
of you have the same answers.	
Green (just write the number the graph is)	Equation of line in S-I Form
Orange Write the 2 given points	Equation of line in S-I Form
White Write the equation given in Point-Slope Form	Equation of line in S-I Form
Yellow Write the equation given in Standard Form	Equation of line in S-I Form

Now switch with a group and do the same thing with their 4 cards. Make sure all 4 of you have the same answers.

Green (just write the number the graph is)	Equation of line in S-I Form
Orange Write the 2 given points	Equation of line in S-I Form
White Write the equation given in Point-Slope Form	Equation of line in S-I Form
Yellow Write the equation given in Standard Form	Equation of line in S-I Form

Now switch with a group and do the same thing with their 4 cards. Make sure all 4 of you have the same answers.

Green (just write the number the graph is)	Equation of line in S-I Form
Orange Write the 2 given points	Equation of line in S-I Form
White Write the equation given in Point-Slope Form	Equation of line in S-I Form
Yellow Write the equation given in Standard Form	Equation of line in S-I Form

25) 22 + 6²(8) - (-2) A) 466

B) 312

C) 46

D) 38

Solve.

38) x - 7 = -3

A) 4

B) -4

C) 10

D) -10

Write a true sentence using either
$$<$$
 or $>$.

$$31) - 7\frac{1}{4} - 3\frac{10}{13}$$

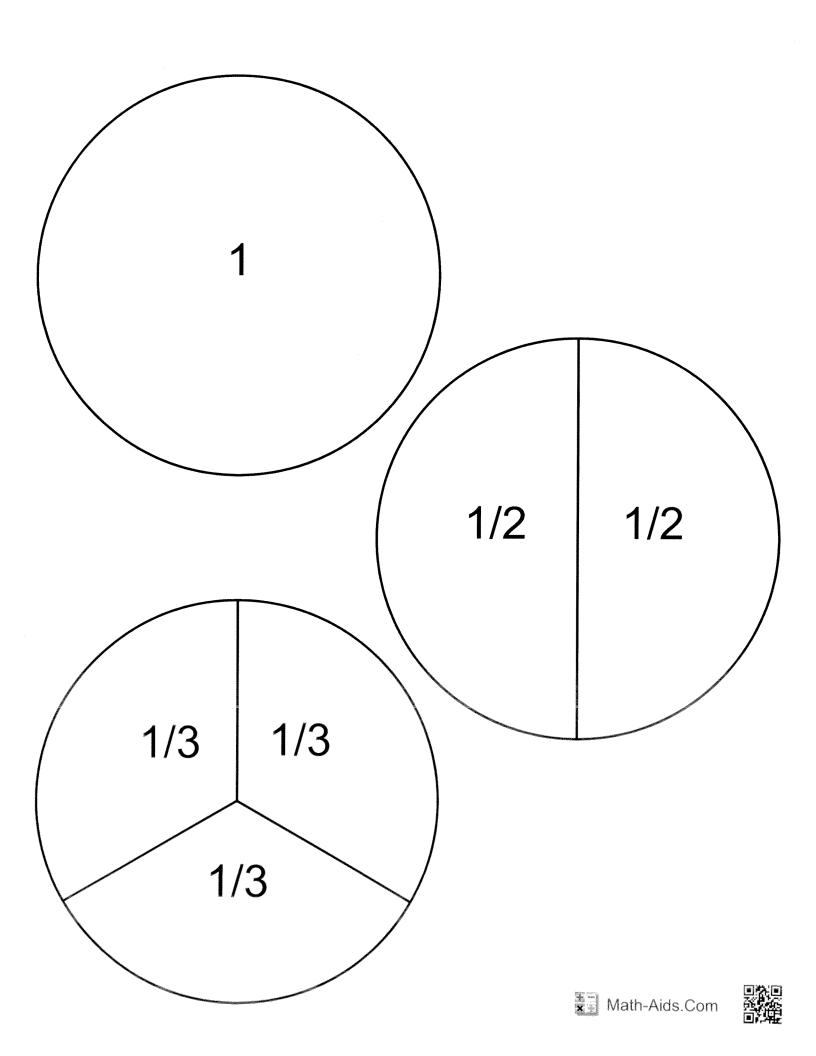
$$A) - 7\frac{1}{4} > -3\frac{10}{13}$$

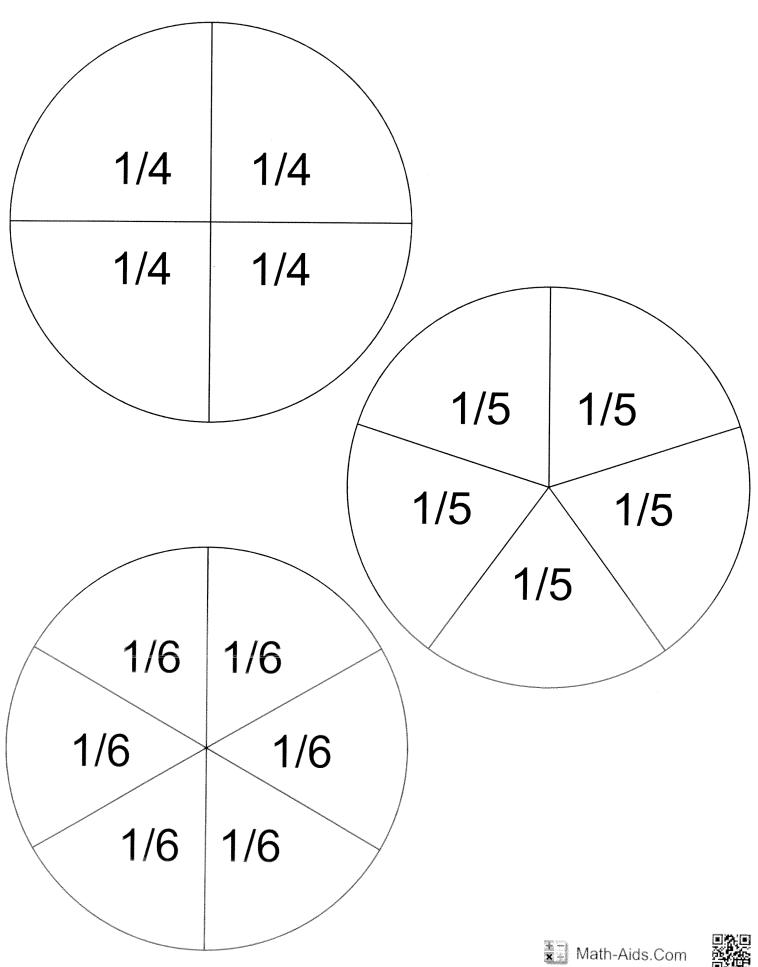
$$B) - 7\frac{1}{4} < -3\frac{10}{13}$$

 $\label{prop:write} \mbox{Write exponential notation.}$

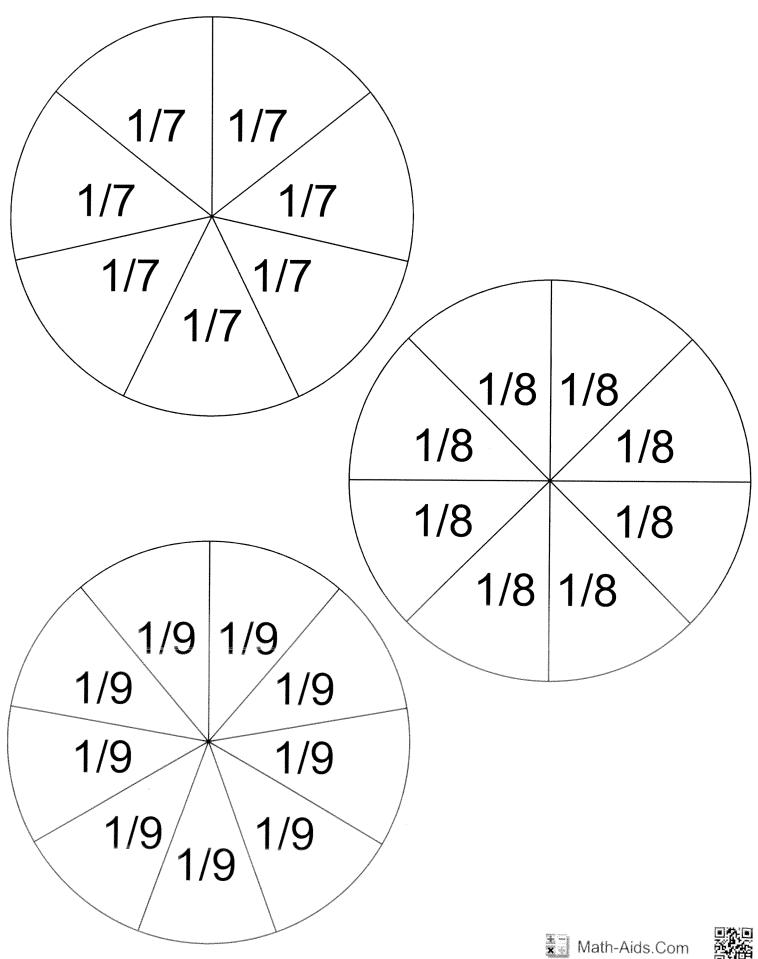
 $C) - (8)^6$

D) -48

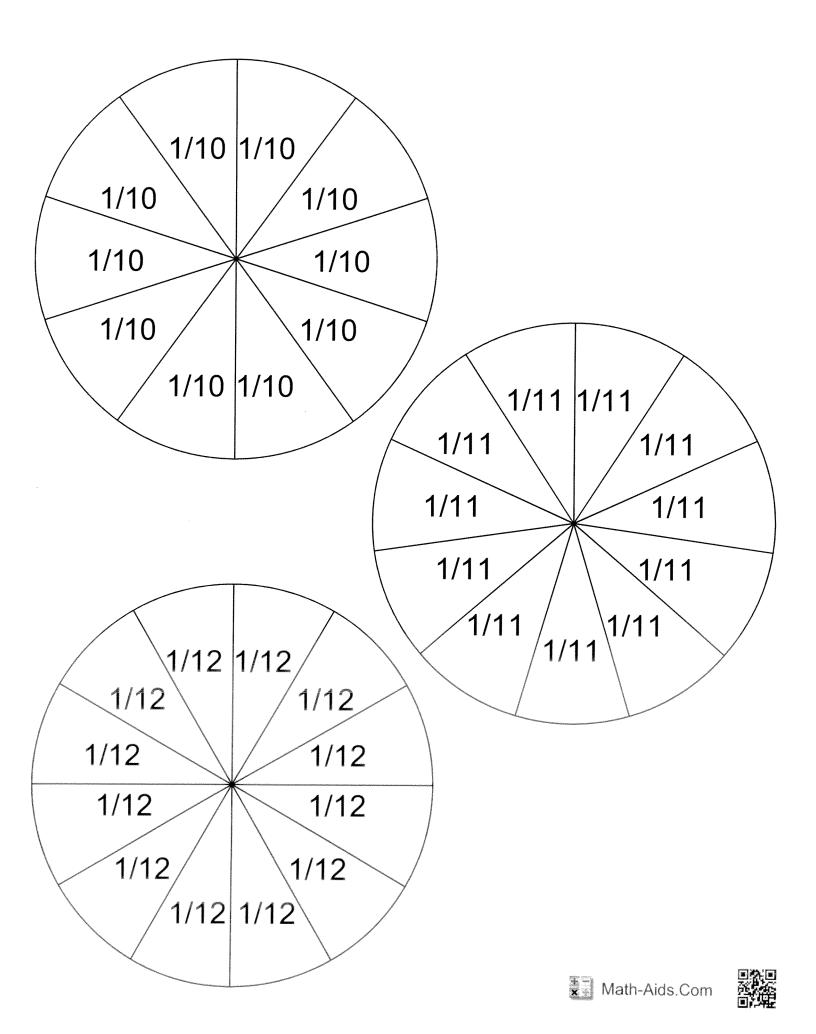












Your Bag	Write as a fraction	Simplest form	Equivalent fraction by doubling	Equivalent fraction by tripling
# of yellow				
# of red				
#of green				
# of blue				
# of orange				
# of brown				
Total				

Your Bag	Write as a fraction	Simplest form	Equivalent fraction by doubling	Equivalent fraction by tripling
# of yellow				
# of red				
#of green				
# of blue				
# of orange				
# of brown				
Total				

Name:	Opponent:
	Write the equation of the line for your chine
Aircraft Carrier: y=_	Write the equation of the line for your ships
Battleship: y=	
Submarine: y=	
Destroyer: y=	
PT boat: y=	
	After you sink one of your opponent's ships
	Write the equation of the line for the ship
Aircraft Carrier: y=_	
Battleship: y=	
Submarine: y=	and the same and t
Destroyer: y=	
PT boat: y=	

Opponent: NAME

DIRECTIONS

Place 5 ships on your board

- 1 aircraft carrier 5 points long
- 1 battleship 4 points
- 1 submarine 3 points 1 destroyer - 3 points
 - 1 PT boat 2 points

Label the coordinate

plane:

- x-axis
- y-axis
 - origin
- Quadrants I, II, III

When your opponent fires at you

- Mark X if they hit one of your ships
- Mark when they
- Write the coordinate in the table
- Update Fleet Status →

Battleship!

Sink your opponent's fleet before they sinks yours!

at you. Write the coordinate

fired at your opponent and Keep track of all the shots

Fired at

Me

Oppnt. Fired at

				\$				in-
			 Marie Marie (no.	4				
				9				
				a				
	E PORTO			_				
					-	-5	3	.
W.		1643	-	0			1	
			-	1				
				2 -1				
				52 -1				
				-3 -2 -1				

FLEET STATUS: Mark X for each hit on your ships.

raft Carrier	eship 0000	narine
Aircraft (Battleshi	Submarir

Destroyer | | PT Boat

Teacher Instructions

- 1. Give each student a notecard or have them use a sheet of scratch paper.
- 2. Have students write down their favorite ordered pair. I mean, who doesn't have a FAVORITE ordered pair?!
- 3. Students will stand up, MIX (walk) around the room, and as they pass another student, they say hi and trade cards. They continue doing this until you say FREEZE. When you say FREEZE, they PAIR up with a person next to them. They now have two notecards with two ordered pairs.
- 4. Using their notecards, they can find the slope, equation, and graph. I usually give them this work sheet to carry with them for writing down their calculations, but again they can use scratch paper or small dry erase boards.
- 5. Once you see that the students are ready to switch again, have the students MIX (continually trading cards so they aren't using the same point for each problem), FREEZE, and PAIR. I usually had them switch 3 or 4 times, depending on time. I also insisted they found a new partner each time they paired up so that way they were working with new people all the time.

Mix, Freeze, Pair

1.	Point 1	Point 2			
	Slope:		Graph:		
	0.0 p 0.				
					
	Equation:				
					 L
			1.		 (Mrv. 4, 1, 3, 6, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,
2	Point 1	Point 2	1		1
۷.	FOIRE 1	TOILL 2			
	Slope:		Graph:		
				 	
	Equation:				
					
			·		
_			į.		
3.	Point 1	Point 2			
3.	Point 1	Point 2			
3.			Graph:		
3.	Point 1Slope:		Graph:		
3.			Graph:		
3.			Graph:		
3.	Slope:		Graph:		
3.			Graph:	•	**
3.	Slope:		Graph:	4	,
3.	Slope:		Graph:	4	,
3.	Slope:		Graph:	4	
3.	Slope:		Graph:	+	
3.	Slope:		Graph:		
	Slope: Equation:		Graph:		
 4. 	Slope: Equation:		Graph:		
	Slope: Equation: Point 1	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation:	Point 2	Graph:		
	Slope: Equation: Point 1	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation: Point 1	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation: Point 1	Point 2		<	
	Slope: Equation: Point 1 Slope:	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation: Point 1	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation: Point 1 Slope:	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation: Point 1 Slope:	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation: Point 1 Slope:	Point 2			
	Slope: Equation: Point 1 Slope:	Point 2			

I HAVE	I HAVE
Y = 7x - 6	M = 7
WHO HAS	WHO HAS
THE SLOPE OF MY LINE?	THE Y-INTERCEPT OF 3x + Y = 10?
I HAVE	I HAVE
10	Y = -1/3x - 4
Who has	Who has
THE EQUATION OF A LINE THAT IS PERPENDICULAR	THE EQUATION OF A LINE
TO $Y = 3x + 2 & RUNS$	THAT IS PARALLEL TO $Y = -1/3X - 4 \& RUNS$
THROUGH POINT (0, -4)?	THROUGH POINT (0,2)?

I HAVE	I HAVE
Y = -1/3x + 2	(6, O)
WHO HAS	WHO HAS
THE X -INTERCEPT OF MY LINE $(Y = -1/3x + 2)$?	THE EQUATION OF A LINE THAT HAS A SLOPE THAT IS
LINE (1 = -1/3X + 2):	THE ABSOLUTE VALUE -7?
I HAVE	I HAVE
Y = 7x - 5	(O, -5)
Who has	Who has
THE Y-INTERCEPT OF MY	THE DEFINITION OF
LINE $(Y = 7x - 5)$?	SLOPE?

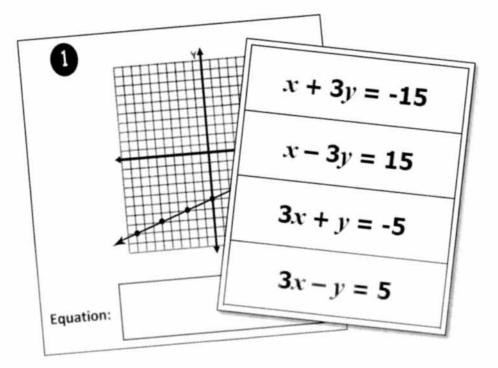
I HAVE	I HAVE
THE CHANGE OF THE VERTICAL DISTANCE DIVIDED BY THE CHANGE OF THE HORIZONTAL DISTANCE.	IT CAME FROM THE FRENCH WORD, MONTER, WHICH MEANS, "TO CLIMB."
Who has	WHO HAS
THE REASON WHY THE LETTER "M" IS USED TO REPRESENT SLOPE?	THE NAME OF THE SINGER WHO SINGS THE FAMOUS SONG "THE CLIMB?"
Ĭ HAVE	_
I HAVE	I HAVE
MILEY CIRUS-HAHA OKBACK TO SLOPE!	THE SET OF ALL INPUT VALUES (OR X-VALUES)
MILEY CIRUS-HAHA	THE SET OF ALL INPUT

I HAVE	I HAVE
2, 4, 7 & 9	A MAPPING DIAGRAM
WHO HAS	WHO HAS
ONE WAY WE CAN REPRESENT A FUNCTION?	THE DEFINITION OF A FUNCTION?
I HAVE	I HAVE
IF EVERY INPUT VALUE	WHERE A GRAPH
IF EVERY INPUT VALUE HAS EXACTLY ONE OUTPUT VALUE.	WHERE A GRAPH INTERSECTS THE Y-AXIS.
HAS EXACTLY ONE OUTPUT	
HAS EXACTLY ONE OUTPUT	
HAS EXACTLY ONE OUTPUT VALUE. WHO HAS THE DEFINITION OF A	Who has The domain of the
HAS EXACTLY ONE OUTPUT VALUE. WHO HAS	Who has
HAS EXACTLY ONE OUTPUT VALUE. WHO HAS THE DEFINITION OF A	Who has The domain of the following function

I HAVE	I HAVE
2, 3, 4 & 20	Y = MX + B
WHO HAS	WHO HAS
SLOPE-INTERCEPT FORM?	THE FORMULA FOR FINDING SLOPE?
I HAVE	I HAVE
$\frac{Y^2-Y^1}{X^2-X^1}$	(4, -47)
WHO HAS	Who has
A POINT THAT IS ON THE LINE: Y = -10x - 7?	A POINT THAT IS ON THE LINE 2x + y = -3?

I HAVE	I HAVE
(16, -35)	M = -9/4
WHO HAS	WHO HAS
THE SLOPE OF A LINE	THE SLOPE OF A LINE
THAT PASSES THROUGH	THAT PASSES THROUGH
(0, 7) & (4, -2)?	(-7, 8) & (0, 12)?
I HAVE	I HAVE
M = 4/7	M = 1/22
WHO HAS	WHO HAS
THE SLOPE OF A LINE	THE EQUATION OF A LINE
THAT IS PERPENDICULAR	WITH A SLOPE OF 7 & A
TO $Y = -22X + 14$?	Y-INTERCEPT OF (O, -6)?

LINEAR EQUATIONS



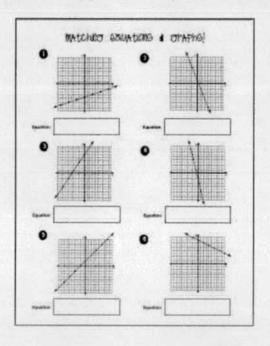
Gut & Paste Activity!

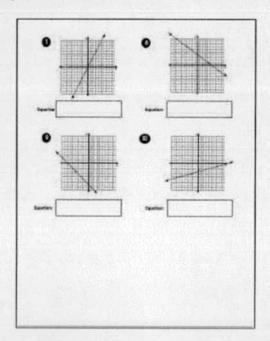


matching equations & graphs

Activity Directions

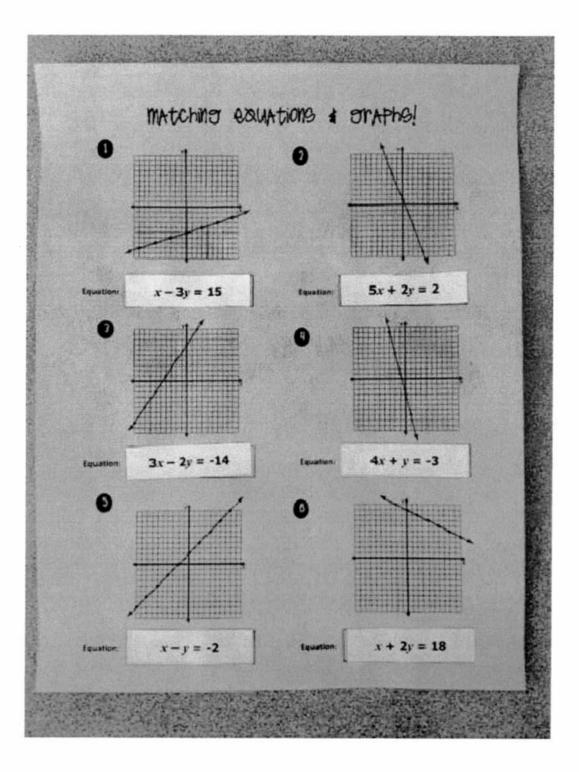
Give students both the "Matching Equations & Graphs" Worksheet and the page with all the equations. Students must figure out the equation of the line by determining its slope and y-intercept. On the equations sheet, all the equations are in standard form. They must determine which standard form equation matches their slope-intercept form equation. They paste this equation onto the graphs worksheet.



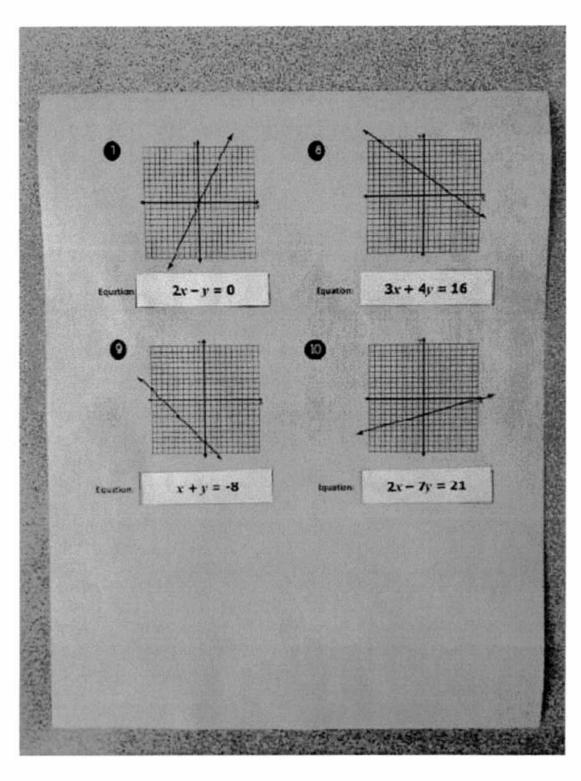


x + 3y = -15	2x + 5y = 5	2x + 3y = 23	x + 4y = -12
x - 3y = 15	2x - 5y = -5	2x - 3y = -21	x-4y=12
2x + y = ·5	5x + 2y = 2	3x + 2y = 14	4x + y = -3
$3x-y\approx 5$	5x - 2y = -2	3x-2y=-14	4x-y+3
x+y=2	x + 2y = 18	x + 2y = 0	38 + 49 = 16
x + y = -2	y-2y=-18	x-2y=0	3x - 4y = -26
x-y=2	2x+y=9	2x + y = 0	4x + 3y = 12
x-y=-2	24-7-2	2x-y=0	4x - 3y = -12
x+y=8	2x + 7y = -21		
x-y=8	2x-7y=21		
x+y=-0	7x + 2y = -6		
x-y=-8	2x - 2y = 6		

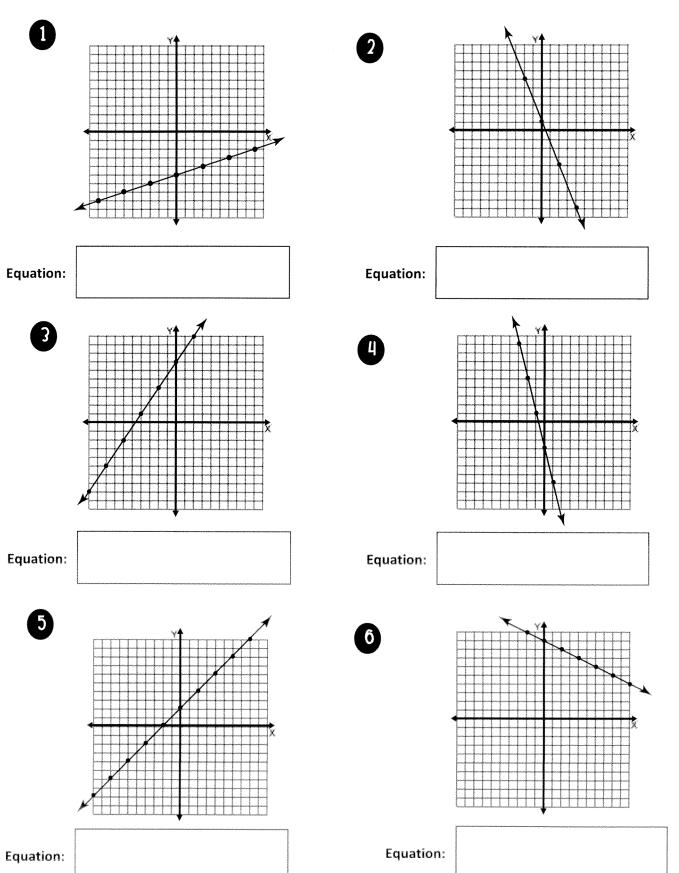
Front Side Key:



Back Side Key:



MAtching equations & graphs!



0		8	
Equatiαn		Equation:	
9	Y	10	Y X
Equation:		Equation:	

-15
11
Ę.
+
4

$$x - 3y = 15$$

$$3x + y = -5$$

5x + 2y = 2

$$3x - y = 5$$

5x - 2y = -2

$$2x + 5y = 5$$
 $2x + 3y = 21$

x + 4y = -12

$$2x - 3y = -21$$

2x - 5y = -5

x - 4y = 12

$$4x + y = -3$$

$$3x + 2y = 14$$

 $3x - 2y = -14$

$$4x - y = 3$$

$$x + y = 2$$

$$x + y = -2$$

x - 2y = -18

$$x - y = 2$$

9

2x + y =

$$x-y=-2$$

2x - y = -9

$$x + 2y = 0$$

x + 2y = 18

$$x - 2y = 0$$

$$2x + y = 0$$

$$2x - y = 0$$

$$3x + 4y = 16$$

$$3x - 4y = -16$$

$$4x + 3y = 12$$

$$4x - 3y = -12$$

$$x + y = 8$$

$$x - y = 8$$

$$x + y = -8$$

$$x - y = -8$$

$$2x + 7y = -21$$

$$2x - 7y = 21$$

$$7x + 2y = -6$$

$$7x - 2y = 6$$

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Linear Equation Matching Cut-out Activity



Instructions:

Page one is the answer key, the second page contains the student instructions and the cut-out pieces. Provide each student or each group of students with the instruction sheet along with scissors, a larger sheet of paper (i.e. construction paper or poster paper), and a glue stick or tape. The assignment is to match each equation to its alternate description such as a table, graph, description, or word problem. Variations: Make this a competition (the first group to finish wins) or give each student just one card and have them try to find the person that has the matching card in the class.



			_	1
1)		1 V		1
V	***************************************	$\mathcal{J}\mathcal{N}$		L
•				

A line that contains the point (1, 5) and (-3, 1)

$$y = x - 3$$

X	У
- 9	- 5
-6	- 3
- 3	-1
0	1
3	3

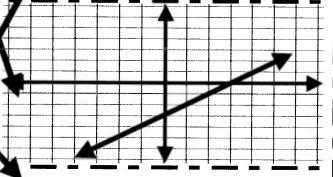
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$$

A line with a slope of 3 and a y-intercept of 1

$$y = 4x + 1$$

A line with a y-intercept of 6 and an x-intercept of 9.

$$y = x + 4$$



$$|2x+3y=18|$$

Mr. Jones gives his students 1 homework problem during the first week of school, then adds 4 more problems every week after that.

Instructions:

Cut out each card then match each equation (left) to their descriptions (right).

			_	1
1,	 ー	V		
V	 J	\mathcal{A}	T	
			-	

A line that contains the point (1, 5) and (-3, 1)

$$y = x - 3$$

X	У
-9	- 5
- 6	- 3
-3	-1
0	1
3	3

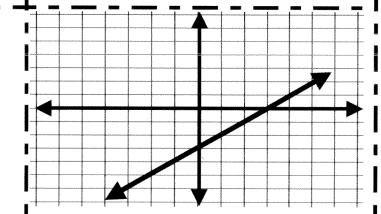
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 1$$

A line with a slope of 3 and a y-intercept of 1

$$y = 4x + 1$$

A line with a y-intercept of 6 and an x-intercept of 9.

$$y = x + 4$$



$$2x + 3y = 18$$

Mr. Jones gives his students 1 homework problem during the first week of school, then adds 4 more problems every week after that.

SLOPE MINI-PROJECT

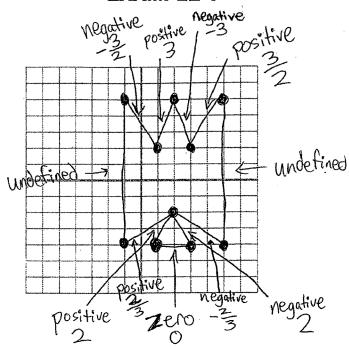
Algebra I, Mr .D

NAME:

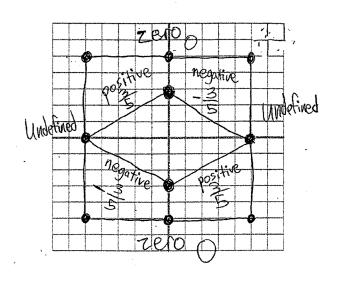
Thursday, December 04, 2008

Directions: Create any picture you want using a **minimum of 10** points. You may use only <u>straight</u> lines! Find the **slope** of each line label each one as positive, negative, zero, or undefined slope.

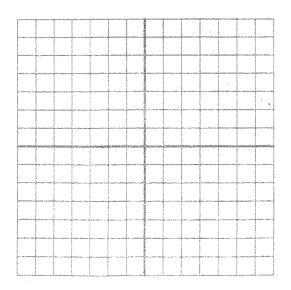
EXAMPLE 1

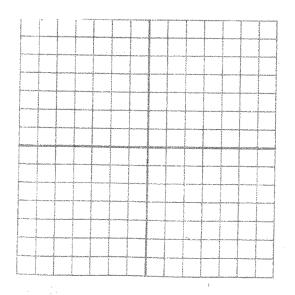


EXAMPLE 2



You only have to make 1 picture. I gave you 2 graphs in case you need to redo it.



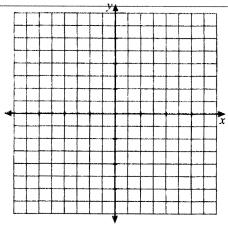


Name	A	
Name	В	
Name	C	

A Solve	by	Graphing
---------	----	----------

$$2x + y = 3$$

$$x - y = 3$$



$$2x + y = 3$$

$$x - y = 3$$

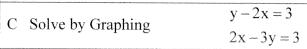
C Solve by Elimination

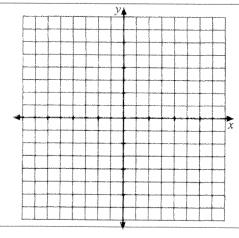
$$2x + y = 3$$

$$x - y = 3$$

A Solve by Sub	stitution	y - 2x = 3
A Solve by Substi	Stitution	2x - 3y = 3

B Solve by Elimination y-2x=3 2x-3y=3** be sure the x and y are lined up

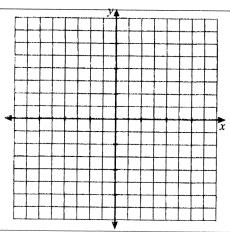




Α	Solve by Elimination	4x - y = 3
	sorve by Emiliation	-5x + 2y = 0



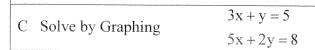
$$4x - y = 3$$
$$-5x + 2y = 0$$

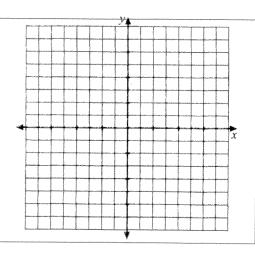


$$4x - y = 3$$
$$-5x + 2y = 0$$

5x + 2y = 8	A Solve by Substitution	3x + y = 5
	71 Solve by Substitution	5x + 2y = 8

B Solve by Elimination		3x + y = 5
	B Solve by Elimination	5x + 2y = 8





Exponent Rules Chapter 5

Product Rule	
Power Rule	
Power of a Product	
Power of a Quotient	
Quotient Rule	
Zero Exponent	
Negative Exponent	

Exponent Rules Chapter 5

Product Rule	
Power Rule	
Power of a Product	
Power of a Quotient	
Quotient Rule	
Zero Exponent	
Negative Exponent	

a a

b b

C C

2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2	2

3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Name:	
	Date:

Popcorn and Kernel: Polynomials

Instructions:

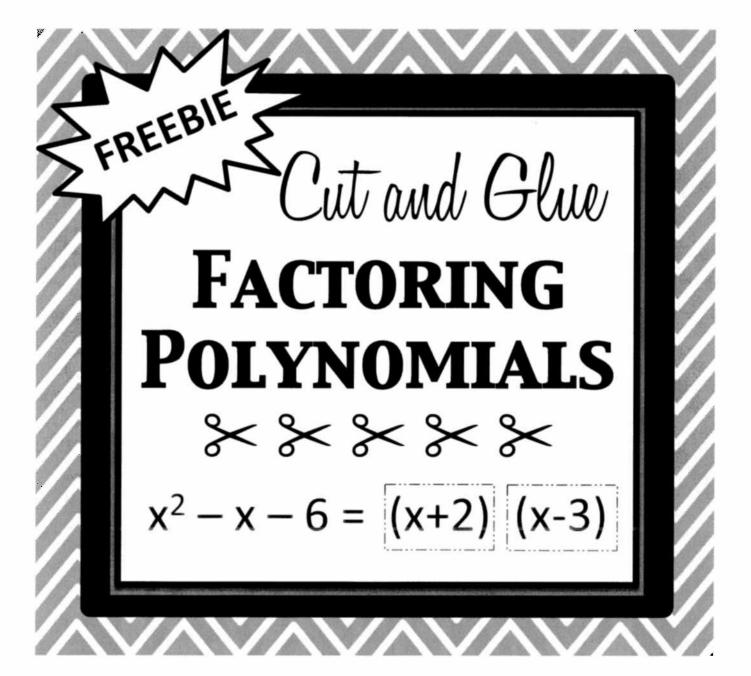
We are going to have more than one set of partners today. There will be no repeating partners. The steps below apply to each new location.

- 1. Make sure you and your partner know each other. If you do not, take a second to introduce yourself.
- 2. From the cards on the kernel's desk, find the problem your teacher tells you to look for. You and your partner will have different problems that you will solve on your own.
- 3. Copy down the problem on this sheet and begin working. Answer the justification questions.
- 4. Check / share with your partner. Use the justifications you wrote down if you feel like you don't have anything to say. Also use this opportunity to help your classmate if they made a mistake

Problem 1	Justification 1
	Which method of factoring did you use?
	What about this problem caused you to solve it that way?
Problem 2	Justification 2
	Which method of factoring did you use?
	What about this problem caused you to solve it that way?

Problem 3	Justification 3
	Which method of factoring did you use?
	What about this problem caused you to solve it that way?
Problem 4	Justification 4
	Which method of factoring did you use?
	What about this problem caused you to solve it that way?
Problem 5	Justification 5
	Which method of factoring did you use?
	What about this problem caused you to solve it that way?

1. 81c ² – 25	1. 7ab² – 14a²b³ – 21ab⁴
2. $x^2 + 11x + 18$	2. 14x² - 169
3. $x^2 - 2x + 13x^3$	3. $v^2 - 2v - 24$
4. 4g ² h ³ + 8g ² h – 18g ³	4. 6n ³ – 18mn ² + 9m ² n ²
5. 9x ⁴ – 100z ²	5. $g^2 + 8g - 20$



Cut and Glue FACTORING POLYNMIALS

Published by Math to the Core

A full version with 4 additional worksheets is available through,

www.MathtotheCore.com

Please contact me if you have any questions, comments, or suggestions at e.james@me.com

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Cut out the factors below. Factor the polynomials and paste the factors into the correct space.

1.
$$x^2 + x - 2$$

2.
$$x^2 + 7x + 12$$

3.
$$x^2 - 4x + 3$$

4.
$$x^2 + 3x + 2$$

5.
$$x^2 + 5x + 4$$

6.
$$x^2 - 6x + 8$$

7.
$$x^2 - 5x + 6$$

$$x^2 - x - 12$$

$$(x+1)$$
 $(x-1)$ $(x+2)$ $(x-2)$ $(x+3)$ $(x-3)$ $(x+4)$ $(x-4)$ $(x+1)$ $(x+1)$ $(x+2)$ $(x+2)$ $(x+3)$ $(x+3)$ $(x-3)$ $(x+4)$ $(x-4)$

8.

Name _____ KEY Period _____

Cut out the factors below. Factor the polynomials and paste the factors into the correct space.

Form A

the factors into the correct space.		
1. $x^2 + x - 2$	2. $x^2 + 7x + 12$	
(x+2)(x-1)	(x+3)(x+4)	
3. $x^2 - 4x + 3$	4. $x^2 + 3x + 2$	
(x-3)(x-1)	(x+2)(x+1)	
5. $x^2 + 5x + 4$	6. $x^2 - 6x + 8$	
(x+4)(x+1)	(x-2)(x-4)	
7. $x^2 - 5x + 6$	8. $x^2 - x - 12$	
(x-3)(x-2)	(x+3)(x-4)	

(x-1)(x+2)(x-2) (x+1)(x+3)(x-3)(x+4)(x-4)(x-1)(x+2)(x-2)(x+3)(x-3)(x+4)(x-4)(x+1)

•FREE• Multiplying and Factoring Polynomials Matching Cards

Mrs. E Teaches Math

Polynomials

Matching Cards

Helpful Hints:

- Print cards on colored cardstock. Laminate and cut out to make decks of cards. Once cards are laminated, students can write on them with dry erase markers.
- Use cards to play go fish, memory, or other types of pair and share games.
- If you print each set a different color, it is easy to identify where a missing piece belongs.
- Print the key on a bright color so you can see if a student is using it from across the room. That way, students can check their own work and you are free to help others.

Possible Uses in the Classroom:

- Review station for test
- Enrichment for students that have completed their work
- Mid-Lesson Practice
- End of Lesson check for Understanding
- Alternative to homework
- Warmup or bellringer activity

$-2(x^2+5x-4)$	$2x(x^2 + 5x - 4)$	3 X(X + 3)
2x(3x-4)	$4x^{2}(5x-1)$	$-4x^{2}(-2x+3)$
$x(x^2 + 3x + 3)$	$x^2(x+3)$	9 $3x(x^2 + 2x + 1)$
$x^2(x-1)$	$(2x+7)(2x^2+5x-4)$	$(2x-3)(2x^2+x-4)$
$(3x + 5)(x^2 + 6x + 11)$	$(x^2 + x + 1)(x - 1)$	$(x-2)(3x^2-7x+8)$

$-2x^2 - 10x + 8$	$2x^3 + 10x^2 - 8x$	$x^2 + 3x$
$6x^2 - 8x$	$20x^3 - 4x^2$	$8x^3 - 12x^2$
$x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x$	$x^3 + 3x^2$	$3x^3+6x^2+3x$
$X^3 - X^2$	$4x^3 + 24x^2 + 27x - 28$	$4x^3 - 4x^2 - 11x + 12$
$3x^3 + 23x^2 + 63x + 55$	x^3-1	$3x^3 - 13x^2 + 22x - 16$

Multiplying Polynomials Match Game Solutions

1 D	20	3 J	4 N
5 E	6 1	7 A	8 H
9 F	10 L	11 B	12 K
13 G	14 M	15 C	

Multiplying Polynomials Match Game Solutions

1 0	20	3 J	4 N
5 E	6 I	7 A	8 H
9 F	10 L	11 B	12 K
13 G	14 M	15 C	

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A + 27 = 3x	(2 - xE) = xZ - (4 - x)6	7 = x $(9 - x0) = 10(2x - 6)$	H No Solution
12x + 21 = 9x	7x = 4x - 9	3(4 + 4x) = 12x + 12	3x - 1 = 8
x = -7 x = -7 x = -7	x = -3 x = -3	All Real Numbers $x = 0.5$ $= 14 - 2x$	x = 3 x = 3
5x - (4x -1) = -12	3x - x + 15 = 41	5(x - 7) = 90	8x - 3x = 10
B x = -13 = 30 = 20	x = 13 x = 13 x = 2 - x c	08 = x9 x = 12	x = 2 × II O
<u>x</u> = 12 7	288 = 16x	-42 = -2x	-3 + x = 12
x = 84	x = 18 x = 23	x = 21 $x = 23$ $x = -23$	x = 15 x = .9
-9 = 2 + x	x + 4 - 3 = 6 * 5	9(-5 - x) = -10 - 2x	25 = -35 - x
O	x = 29 Z2- = x9 X= -26 A	x = -5 $x = -5$ $x = -5$	x = -60 x = -60 Z

Slope Slider

Name:

Visit the Web Address:

http://www.shodor.org/interactivate/activities/slopeslider/index.html

Part 1: Exploring Slope

Using the mouse, select "Use Fractions" Set the GREEN Slider at 0.

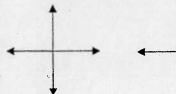
Move the PURPLE Slider to the far LEFT.

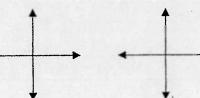
or go to http://www.shodor.org
(2) interactive
(3) Activities
(4) scrolldown to
Slope Slider

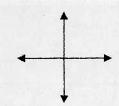
Slowly move your PURPLE slider from left to right. Stop the PURPLE slider at each of following values and sketch the graph in the space provided:

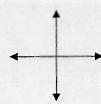
$$a)-4$$

$$b) - 2$$









What happens to the graph as you move the PURPLE slider from left to right?

Questions:

- Describe the line when the value of the PURPLE slider is negative.
 Characterize the line as increasing, decreasing, or neither.
- Describe the line when the value of the PURPLE slider is zero. Characterize the line as increasing, decreasing, or neither.
- Describe the line when the value of the PURPLE slider is positive.
 Characterize the line as increasing, decreasing, or neither.
- 4. What characteristics of the line does the PURPLE slider control?

Part 2: Exploring the y-intercept

Using the mouse, select "Use Fractions" Set the PURPLE Slider at 1.

Move the GREEN Slider to the far LEFT.

Slowly move your GREEN slider from left to right. What happens to the graph as you move the GREEN slider from left to right?

Does the GREEN slider affect the slope?

Move the GREEN slider to the following values and sketch the graph in the space provided:

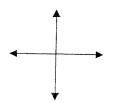
a) - 8

b) - 4

c) 0

d) 4

e) 8



+

•

•

Question: What characteristic of the line does the GREEN slider control?

Part 3: Exploring y = mx + b

The equation y = mx + b is called slope-intercept form. Compare y = mx + b to the equation located above the sliders on the webpage.

What does the variable "m" represent in the slope intercept equation?

What does the variable "b" represent in the slope intercept equation?

Why do you think "slope-intercept form" is a good name for the equation y = mx + b? Explain.

Part 4: Using Slope-Intercept Form

Answer the following without the help of the computer. If needed, refer to Parts 1 & 2.

- $1. \qquad y = 4x + 5$
 - a. What is the slope of the line?

m =

b. Is the line increasing, decreasing, or neither?

.

c. Where does the line cross the y-axis?

d. Write the y-intercept as an ordered pair.

- 2. $y = \frac{1}{2}x 4$
 - a. What is the slope of the line?

TT Motion Indiana Association (Contraction Contraction Contraction

b. Is the line increasing, decreasing, or neither?

c. Where does the line cross the y-axis?

d. Write the y-intercept as an ordered pair.

(____)

3. y = -3x

a. What is the slope of the line?

b. Is the line increasing, decreasing, or neither?

c. Where does the line cross the y-axis?

d. Write the y-intercept as an ordered pair.

4. y = 5

a. What is the slope of the line?

b. Is the line increasing, decreasing, or neither?

c. Where does the line cross the y-axis?

d. Write the y-intercept as an ordered pair.

e. Is this equation written in slope-intercept form? Explain.

f. What value would you enter for the PURPLE slider?

g. What value would you enter for the GREEN slider?

Part 5: Check for Understanding and Reflection

Use the computer to check your work. Manipulate the PURPLE and GREEN sliders to check your answers in Part 4. Were you successful? Circle your results below.

Question #1		
Part (A)	\odot	\odot
Part (B)	© ©	
Part (C)		$ \odot $
Part (D)	\odot	\odot
Question #2		
Part (A)	\odot	\otimes
Part (B)	\odot	
Part (C)	\odot	
Part (D)		
Question #3	v	
Question #3 Part (A)	· •	
	\odot	
Part (A)		(S)
Part (A) Part (B)	\odot	
Part (A) Part (B) Part (C)	© ©	(S)
Part (A) Part (B) Part (C) Part (D)	© ©	
Part (A) Part (B) Part (C) Part (D) Question #4	© ©	
Part (A) Part (B) Part (C) Part (D) Question #4 Part (A)		
Part (A) Part (B) Part (C) Part (D) Question #4 Part (A) Part (B)		

friend was absent on the day you explored slope-intercept form, y = mx + b. Your the has asked you to help your friend. What sort of things should you point out?

